

## STUDIES IN SULPHONAMIDES—PART VI

Synthesis of 1 : 3-disubstituted phenyl-2-(substituted sulphonamidobenzeneazo) propane-1 : 3-diones and evaluation of their antibacterial properties

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Five different 1 : 3-diaryl propane-1 : 3-diones, 1-(m-nitrophenyl)-3-phenyl-, 1-(m-nitrophenyl)-3-(p-methoxyphenyl)-, 1-(p-methoxyphenyl)-3-(p-methylphenyl)-, 1-(p-methoxyphenyl)-3-(p-bromophenyl)- and 1-(p-methoxyphenyl)-3-(p-chlorophenyl) propane-1 : 3-diones have been synthesised and coupled with eight different diazotised sulphonamide bases to give 1 : 3-diaryl-2-(substituted sulphonamidobenzeneazo) propane-1 : 3-diones. The pharmacological properties of all these azo-compounds have been studied *in vitro* by the cup-plate method.

The preparation of some 1 : 3-diaryl propane-1 : 3-diones, their coupling with different diazotised sulphonamide bases and the antibacterial properties of the azo-compounds so obtained have already been described<sup>1</sup>. We have now extended this work to the condensation of some disubstituted  $\beta$  diketones with the object of studying the effect of the various substituents and their position on the rate of coupling as well as the antibacterial properties of the azo-compounds so obtained.

It has been observed that the rate of coupling reaction increases when both the phenyl rings of the 1 : 3-diones possess electron attracting groups thereby giving higher yields of the resulting azo-compounds. However, if one phenyl ring has an electron attracting group and the other an electron releasing, the rate of coupling decreases giving lower yields of the resulting azo-compounds. The yield of the azo-compounds ranged between 58–76%.

### EXPERIMENTAL PROCEDURE

The 1 : 3-diaryl propane-1 : 3-diones<sup>2-6</sup> and various sulphonamides required for this work were prepared.

#### *Synthesis of 1 : 3-diaryl-2-(substituted sulphonamidobenzeneazo) propane-1 : 3-diones*

A diazotised solution of the sulphonamide (0.002 mol) was gradually added to an ice-cold solution of 1 : 3-dione (0.002 mol) in acetone, containing sodium acetate during stirring and cooling (0–5°C) and the contents further stirred for 10 minutes. Excess of ice-cold water was then added and the yellow coloured solid so obtained was filtered, washed well with water, dried and pure 1 : 3-diaryl-2-(substituted sulphonamidobenzeneazo) propane-1 : 3-diones crystallised from ethanol or glacial acetic acid or D.M.F. or from a mixture of any two of the above solvents. In some cases the azo-compound was obtained after adding ice-cold water to the reaction mixture and keeping overnight. The general structure of the azo-compounds is given in Fig. 1.

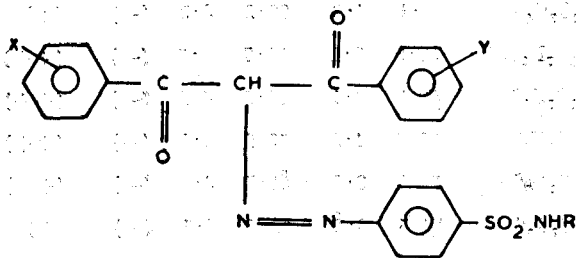


Fig. 1—General structure of azo-compounds.

The antibacterial properties of all these azo-compounds were studied by the usual cup-plate agar diffusion method against *S. aureus* and *E. coli* *in vitro* at two different concentrations 500  $\mu\text{g/ml}$  and 1000  $\mu\text{g/ml}$ . Results with dilutions of 500  $\mu\text{g/ml}$  have been entered in Tables 1 to 5. The test solutions were prepared in a mixture of D.M.F. and water (3 : 7). The results of the biological assay indicate that azo-compounds of the disubstituted  $\beta$ -diketones showed greater activity against *E. coli* as compared to

monosubstituted analogues and no activity against *S. aureus* except in a few cases like the compound 1 in Table 1, 1 and 2 in Table 2, 2 in Table 3, and 1 and 2 in both the Tables 4 and 5.

TABLE 1

GENERAL PROPERTIES AND ANTIBACTERIAL PROPERTIES OF 1-PHENYL-3-(m-NITROPHENYL)-2-(SUBSTITUTED SULPHONAMIDOBENZENE AZO) PROPANE-1 : 3-DIONES

(X = m-Nitrophenyl; Y = H)

S. No.	R	M.P. (°C)	Colour	Yield (%)	Mol. formula	Percentage				Antibacterial activity	
						Found		Reqd.		<i>S. aureus</i>	<i>E. coli</i>
						C	H	C	H		
1	H	213	Y	80	C <sub>21</sub> H <sub>16</sub> O <sub>6</sub> N <sub>4</sub> S	55.6	3.6	55.7	3.5	(++)	(-)
2	acetyl	210	BYF	78	C <sub>23</sub> H <sub>16</sub> O <sub>7</sub> N <sub>4</sub> S	55.8	3.7	55.8	3.6	(+)	(-)
3	phenyl	216	SYF	75	C <sub>27</sub> H <sub>20</sub> O <sub>6</sub> N <sub>4</sub> S	61.4	3.6	61.3	3.7	(-)	(++)
4	p-chlorophenyl	238	Y	77	C <sub>27</sub> H <sub>19</sub> O <sub>6</sub> N <sub>4</sub> SCl	57.6	3.0	57.5	3.3	(-)	(++)
5	p-methylphenyl	226	PY	73	C <sub>26</sub> H <sub>22</sub> O <sub>6</sub> N <sub>4</sub> S	61.8	4.2	61.9	4.0	(-)	(++)
6	p-methoxyphenyl	207	SGY	75	C <sub>26</sub> H <sub>22</sub> O <sub>7</sub> N <sub>4</sub> S	60.3	4.0	60.2	3.9	(+)	(++)
7	pyrimidyl	>300	SY	78	C <sub>25</sub> H <sub>18</sub> O <sub>6</sub> N <sub>6</sub> S	56.7	3.6	56.6	3.4	(-)	(+++)

TABLE 2

GENERAL PROPERTIES AND ANTIBACTERIAL ACTIVITIES OF 1-(m-NITROPHENYL)-3-(p-METHOXYPHENYL)-2-(SUBSTITUTED SULPHONAMIDOBENZENE AZO) PROPANE-1 : 3-DIONES

(X = m-Nitrophenyl; Y = p-Methoxyphenyl)

S. No.	R	M. P. (°C)	Colour	Yield (%)	Mol. formula	Percentage				Antibacterial activity	
						Found		Reqd.		<i>S. aureus</i>	<i>E. coli</i>
						C	H	C	H		
1	H	191	PY	75	C <sub>23</sub> H <sub>19</sub> O <sub>7</sub> N <sub>4</sub> S	54.3	3.6	54.7	3.7	(+)	(+)
2	acetyl	198.9	PY	72	C <sub>25</sub> H <sub>20</sub> O <sub>8</sub> N <sub>4</sub> S	55.2	3.7	54.9	3.8	(++)	(+)
3	phenyl	243.4	PY	68	C <sub>27</sub> H <sub>23</sub> O <sub>7</sub> N <sub>4</sub> S	60.1	4.0	60.2	3.9	(-)	(+)
4	p-chlorophenyl	231.2	Y	70	C <sub>27</sub> H <sub>21</sub> O <sub>7</sub> N <sub>4</sub> SCl	56.9	3.4	56.7	3.5	(-)	(++)
5	p-methylphenyl	245	BY	69	C <sub>26</sub> H <sub>24</sub> O <sub>7</sub> N <sub>4</sub> S	60.9	4.1	60.8	4.2	(-)	(++)
6	p-methoxyphenyl	197	BrY	69	C <sub>26</sub> H <sub>24</sub> O <sub>8</sub> N <sub>4</sub> S	59.3	4.2	59.2	4.1	(-)	(++)
7	pyrimidyl	212	DY	71	C <sub>26</sub> H <sub>20</sub> O <sub>7</sub> N <sub>6</sub> S	55.6	3.6	55.7	3.5	(-)	(++)
8	guanidyl	244	Y	67	C <sub>25</sub> H <sub>20</sub> O <sub>7</sub> N <sub>6</sub> S	52.5	3.6	52.6	3.8	(-)	(+)

TABLE 3

GENERAL PROPERTIES AND ANTIBACTERIAL ACTIVITIES OF 1-(p-METHOXYPHENYL)-3-(p-METHYLPHENYL)-2-(SUBSTITUTED SULPHONAMIDOBENZENE AZO) PROPANE-1 : 3-DIONES  
(X = p-Methoxyphenyl ; Y = p-Methylphenyl)

S. No.	R	M. P (°C)	Colour	Yield (%)	Mol. formula	Percentage				Antibacterial activities	
						Found		Reqd.		<i>S. aureus</i>	<i>E. coli</i>
						C	H	C	H		
1	H	188	OY	75	C <sub>23</sub> H <sub>21</sub> O <sub>5</sub> N <sub>3</sub> S	61.4	4.6	61.2	4.6	(+)	(+++)
2	acetyl	187	OY	71	C <sub>23</sub> H <sub>23</sub> O <sub>6</sub> N <sub>3</sub> S	60.7	4.7	60.8	4.6	(+++)	(-)
3	phenyl	165	PY	60	C <sub>25</sub> H <sub>25</sub> O <sub>5</sub> N <sub>3</sub> S	63.1	4.8	66.0	4.7	(-)	(++)
4	p-chlorophenyl	187.8	GYF	63	C <sub>25</sub> H <sub>24</sub> O <sub>5</sub> N <sub>3</sub> SCl	61.6	4.1	61.9	4.2	(-)	(++)
5	p-methylphenyl	192	PY	58	C <sub>30</sub> H <sub>27</sub> O <sub>5</sub> N <sub>3</sub> S	63.8	4.8	66.6	5.0	(-)	(+)
6	p-methoxyphenyl	195	Y	60	C <sub>30</sub> H <sub>27</sub> O <sub>6</sub> N <sub>3</sub> S	64.6	4.8	64.6	4.8	(-)	(+++)
7	pyrimidyl	269	YW	70	C <sub>27</sub> H <sub>23</sub> O <sub>5</sub> N <sub>5</sub> S	61.3	4.5	61.2	4.3	(-)	(++)
8	guanidyl	264	Y	68	C <sub>24</sub> H <sub>23</sub> O <sub>5</sub> N <sub>5</sub> S	58.7	4.5	58.4	4.6	(-)	(+)

TABLE 4

GENERAL PROPERTIES OF ANTIBACTERIAL ACTIVITIES OF 1-(p-METHOXYPHENYL)-3-(p-CHLOROPHENYL)-2-(SUBSTITUTED SULPHONAMIDOBENZENE AZO) PROPANE-1 : 3-DIONES  
(X = p-Methoxyphenyl ; Y = p-Chlorophenyl)

S. No.	R	M. P. (°C)	Colour	Yield (%)	Mol. formula	Percentage				Antibacterial activity	
						Found		Reqd.		<i>S. aureus</i>	<i>E. coli</i>
						C	H	C	H		
1	H	192	Y	75	C <sub>22</sub> H <sub>16</sub> O <sub>5</sub> N <sub>3</sub> SCl	56.1	3.9	55.9	3.8	(+++)	(-)
2	acetyl	194.5	PY	76	C <sub>24</sub> H <sub>20</sub> O <sub>6</sub> N <sub>3</sub> SCl	56.2	3.7	56.1	3.9	(+++)	(+)
3	phenyl	158.9	Y	70	C <sub>26</sub> H <sub>22</sub> O <sub>5</sub> N <sub>3</sub> SCl	61.0	4.1	61.3	4.0	(-)	(++)
4	p-chlorophenyl	193.4	Y	70	C <sub>25</sub> H <sub>21</sub> O <sub>5</sub> N <sub>3</sub> SCl <sub>2</sub>	57.6	3.5	57.7	3.6	(-)	(++)
5	p-methylphenyl	193	GYF	68	C <sub>25</sub> H <sub>24</sub> O <sub>5</sub> N <sub>3</sub> SCl	61.7	4.3	61.9	4.3	(-)	(++)
6	p-methoxyphenyl	199	Y	70	C <sub>25</sub> H <sub>24</sub> O <sub>6</sub> N <sub>3</sub> SCl	60.3	3.9	60.2	4.1	(-)	(+++)
7	pyrimidyl	269.70	YW	74	C <sub>26</sub> H <sub>20</sub> O <sub>5</sub> N <sub>5</sub> SCl	56.6	3.7	56.7	3.6	(-)	(++)
8	guanidyl	285	PY	71	C <sub>23</sub> H <sub>20</sub> O <sub>5</sub> N <sub>5</sub> SCl	53.9	4.0	53.7	3.9	(-)	(+)
9	4':6'-dimethyl pyrimidyl	171.2	Y	75	C <sub>25</sub> H <sub>24</sub> O <sub>5</sub> N <sub>5</sub> SCl	57.9	4.2	58.1	4.1	(-)	(+)

TABLE 5

GENERAL PROPERTIES AND ANTIBACTERIAL ACTIVITIES OF 1-(p-METHOXYPHENYL)-3-(p-BROMOPHENYL)-2-(SUBSTITUTED SULPHONAMIDOBENZENE AZO) PROPANE-1 : 3-DIONES  
(X = p-Methoxyphenyl ; Y = p-Bromophenyl)

S. No.	R	M. P. (°C)	Colour	Yield (%)	Mol. formula	Percentage				Antibacterial Activity	
						Found		Reqd.		<i>S. aureus</i>	<i>E. coli</i>
						C	H	C	H		
1	H	177	PY	76	C <sub>23</sub> H <sub>18</sub> O <sub>5</sub> N <sub>3</sub> SBr	51.0	3.1	51.1	3.5	(+++)	(-)
2	acetyl	177.8	PY	75	C <sub>24</sub> H <sub>20</sub> O <sub>6</sub> N <sub>3</sub> SBr	51.7	3.4	51.6	3.5	(+++)	(-)
3	phenyl	163	Y	68	C <sub>25</sub> H <sub>22</sub> O <sub>5</sub> N <sub>3</sub> SBr	53.6	3.8	56.7	3.7	(-)	(++)
4	p-chlorophenyl	206	Y	70	C <sub>23</sub> H <sub>21</sub> O <sub>5</sub> N <sub>3</sub> SBrCl	53.7	3.4	53.6	3.3	(-)	(++)
5	p-methylphenyl	200	GYF	68	C <sub>29</sub> H <sub>24</sub> O <sub>5</sub> N <sub>3</sub> SBr	57.1	3.8	57.4	3.9	(-)	(++)
6	p-methoxyphenyl	205	Y	69	C <sub>29</sub> H <sub>24</sub> O <sub>6</sub> N <sub>3</sub> SBr	56.2	3.5	55.9	3.8	(-)	(+)
7	pyrimidyl	260	GYF	75	C <sub>26</sub> H <sub>20</sub> O <sub>5</sub> N <sub>5</sub> SBr	52.6	3.5	52.5	3.4	(-)	(++)

B—Bright; Br—Brownaish; D—Dark; F—Flakes; G—Golden; O—Orange; P—Pale; Y—Yellow; S—Shining; W—White

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